Life Cycle of Clonorchis Sinensis

1. Embryonated eggs passed in feces.
2. Eggs are ingested by the snail.
3. Free-swimming cercariae encyst in the skin or flesh of fresh water fish.
4. Metacercariae in flesh or skin of fresh water fish are ingested by the human host.
5. Excyst in duodenum.
6. Adults in biliary duct.

Miracidia $\rightarrow$ Sporocysts $\rightarrow$ Rediae $\rightarrow$ Cercariae

http://www.dph.cdc.gov/dpdx