**Table 4. Indications and Dosing Regimens** 

Indication	Drug	Adult Dosing Regimen	Pediatric Dosing Regimen
HSV infections of skin and mucous membranes including initial and recurrent genital herpes	Acyclovir	200 mg po 5 x daily for 5 days 400 mg po 5 x daily or 5 mg/kg IV q8h for 5 days in severely infected or immunocompromised patients  Initial genital: 400 mg po tid	Age = 2 years = adult dose Age < 2 years = half adult dose Neonates and infants = 20 mg/kg IV q8h for 14 days (21 days for disseminated or CNS infection)
		x 7 – 10 days or 200 mg po 5 x daily x 7 – 10 days Recurrent genital: 400 mg po tid x 5 days or 200 mg po 5 x daily x 5 days or 800 mg po bid x 5 days	
	Valacyclovir	Initial genital: 1 g po bid for 7 – 10 days Recurrent genital: 500 mg bid for 3 – 5 days or 1 g po qd x 5 days	Safety and efficacy in pre-pubertal pediatric patients not established.
	Famciclovir	Initial genital: 250 mg po tid x 7 – 10 days Recurrent genital: 125 mg bid for 5 days	No data
Episodic HSV treatment in HIV- infected patients	Acyclovir	$400 \text{ mg po tid } \times 5 - 10 \text{ days}$ or $200 \text{ mg } 5 \text{ times daily for}$ $5 - 10 \text{ days}$	No data
	Valacyclovir	1 g po bid x 5 – 10 days	No data
	Famciclovir	500  mg po bid x  5 - 10  days	
Suppression of	Acyclovir	400 mg bid	No data
recurrent HSV in immunocompetent patients	Valacyclovir	1 g qd or 500 mg qd if = 9 recurrences per year	No data
	Famciclovir	250 mg bid	No data
Prophylaxis of HSV in immunocompromised	Acyclovir	400 – 800 mg po 2 or 3 times daily	Age = 2 years = adult dose
patients		5 mg/kg IV q8h in severely immunocompromised (i.e. bone marrow transplant) patients or those with impaired absorption from gut	Age < 2 years = half adult dose
	Valacyclovir	500 mg bid	No data
	Famciclovir	500 mg bid	No data

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Herpes encephalitis	Acyclovir	10 mg/kg IV q8h	500 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV q8h
Herpes labialis (cold sores)	Valacyclovir  Penciclovir	2 g bid for 1 day taken 12 hours apart (initiate at earliest symptom of cold sore i.e. tingling, itching, burning) Recurrent orolabial infection in HIV-infected patients: 500 mg bid Apply cream to cold sore every 2 hours during waking	No data
		periods for 4 days (initiate at earliest symptom)	
VZV infections including varicella (chicken pox) and herpes zoster (shingles)	Acyclovir	800 mg po 5 x daily for 7 days 10 mg/kg IV q8h in severely immunocompromised patients or those with impaired absorption from gut (treat for 2 – 7 days or until clinical improvement, followed by po therapy to complete 10 days of total treatment)	Varicella infections: Age > 6 years = 800 mg po 4 x daily Age 2 - 5 years = 400 mg po 4 x daily Age < 2 years = 200 mg po 4 x daily Continue treatment for 5 days Alternatively: calculate dosing at 20 mg/kg po (max 800 mg) 4 x daily IV dose = 250 mg/m² q8h Immunocompromised children = 500 mg/m² IV q8h No data on treatment of herpes zoster in immunocompetent children
	Valacyclovir	1 g po q8h x 7 days	No data
	Famciclovir	500 mg po q8h x 7 days	No data

(References 23, 32, 41, 103, 114)